### **Anchor Activity**

# **Identifying Sparks**



## **Background**

Sparks are skills, talents, or interests that a young person finds deeply motivating. They are hidden flames in students that light their proverbial fire, get them excited, and tap into their true passions (Benson, 2008). When sparks are known and acted on, young people come to the life-changing insight that "my life has purpose." Young people who have sparks in their lives, who have adults who support those sparks, who get joy and energy from using their sparks, and who learn valuable life skills from their sparks are significantly more likely to do well in school, be more engaged, and be more hopeful about the future (Benson & Scales, 2009).

### **Objective**

Students identify their deep interests and talents—their *sparks*—and reflect on the meaning of their spark in their lives. Teachers can then use the information to build relationships and adapt the curriculum.

### At a Glance

Students complete a questionnaire that helps them identify and better understand their sparks. The teacher reviews it, notes key information, and returns it to students with affirming comments.

# Related Anchor Activities

Sharing Sparks
Core Values

### **Resources Needed**

☐ The Sparks Questionnaire

### **Activity Steps**



Ask students to close their eyes while you ask a series of questions that help them think about their sparks.

### **Opening Activity**

- 1. Tell students to close their eyes for a moment and silently think about the questions you are about to ask them. After each of the following questions, pause for a few moments to give students time to think before moving on to the next question:
  - a. If you woke up one morning and were told you could do one activity for as long as you wanted all day, what activity would it be?
  - b. When in your life do you feel happiest? What are you doing at those times?
  - c. Are there times when you lose track of time because you are so absorbed in an activity? What are you doing then?
  - d. Is there something you are really interested in?
  - e. Is there an activity you are really good at?
- 2. After students have heard these questions with their eyes closed

and had some time to think about the answers, ask them to take out a piece of paper and jot down what they thought about. (They only need to use a word or two to summarize their thoughts because this sheet will not be turned in to anyone.)

- 3. Ask students to look at the list on their paper and circle the things that they think are their *sparks*. Explain:
  - Sparks are interests or passions that give people great enjoyment and often a sense of purpose.
  - Sparks can be sports, performing arts, technology, reading, caring for brothers and sisters, math, animals, and more.

### **Main Activity**

- 4. Tell students that you would like to get to know them better by their sparks, and so you are asking them to complete the Sparks Questionnaire. You may also want to tell students that you will use the questionnaire to find ways to include their sparks in what you talk about and do in class.
- 5. Give students the Sparks Questionnaire. Ask students to choose one of the sparks they put on their list to write about on the Sparks Questionnaire.
- Give students time to complete it, working alone. Circulate while students are working and talk with students who may be uncertain about their sparks to help them identify an actual or possible spark.

Do not have students share their questionnaires at this point, as it would lessen the impact of the Sharing Sparks Anchor Activity.

7. Collect the Sparks Questionnaires. Tell students you will review them in order to learn more about their sparks. You will return the forms to them during a later session.

## **Closing Activity**

8. Tell students about your own spark, highlighting what you love about it and what you do to nurture it.

## **Activity Follow-Up**

It is essential that you read, comment on, and return the Sparks Questionnaires to convey that you are aware and supportive of the students' sparks.

It is also a good idea to keep a copy or record key ideas from the Sparks Questionnaires so that you can integrate sparks into your curriculum and your relationships with students.



Students complete the Sparks Questionnaire.



Close by sharing your spark with students.

### **REACH Technique: Get to know students' sparks**

Get to know students for their sparks. Recognize the intrinsic motivation and competence that many students feel when they are doing things that connect with their sparks.

Suggestions for Getting Started

- 1. Check in on students' sparks from time to time. It reinforces that you care about things that are important to the studies.
- 2. Pay attention to students' world and interests. When you show interest in the things that matter to students, you show them that you care about their choices and activities.
- 3. Some students develop sparks that are harder for adults to understand or embrace. Honor those sparks as unique and important interests to the students, even if they don't resonate with you.
- 4. Notice when students achieve significant milestones in or recognition for their sparks. They may get a new opportunity to express their sparks, or their sparks may connect them to new people and opportunities. Or they might be recognized at school or in the community newspaper. Celebrating these milestones reinforces the value of cultivating sparks.

# **SPARKS Questionnaire**

NAME:
I would like to get to know you better. In order to help me do that, please tell me about your sparks, which are your deepest interests and talents.
1. Please list one or more of your sparks.
2. How do you feel when you are involved with your sparks?
3. Do you do anything to get better at your sparks? If so, what do you do?
4. Is there anyone in your life who helps you get better at your sparks? If so, who is that and what do they do?
5. Have you learned any valuable lessons about life through your sparks?
6. What is something that most people don't know about your sparks?

### **Anchor Activity**

# **Sharing Sparks**



### **Background**

When adults express genuine interest in young peoples' sparks and ask probing questions about them, young people feel deeply seen, cared for, and empowered (Scales et al., 2011). When young people know that adults not only care about their sparks but are also keeping track of them beyond occasional conversations, it lays the groundwork for a truly developmental relationship.

### **Objective**

Students deepen their understanding of their sparks and the sparks of others in their class or group.

#### At a Glance

Students each write a spark on a Post-It Note, then place all the notes on a wall. Classmates discuss the diversity of sparks in the class and conclude by trying to guess who wrote down the different sparks.

# Related Anchor Activities

Identifying Sparks
Core Values

### **Resources Needed**

☐ Post-It Notes

## **Activity Steps**



Use a Post-It exercise to help students deepen their understanding of sparks.

### **Opening Activity**

As an expansion of (or alternative to) this Opening Activity, schools can hold a Sparks Show and Tell. Students select objects that represent their sparks and share them with the class. This approach can be an effective way to help younger students share their sparks.

- 1. Begin by giving each student a blank Post-It Note.
- 2. Have students write a spark (or the closest thing they have to a spark if a student says he or she doesn't have one) on a Post-It Note in the least identifiable handwriting they can manage.

Students should not put their names on the Post-It Notes.



Post students' sparks on the walls around the room.
Discuss students' experiences with sparks.

### **Main Activity**

3. After everyone has filled out a Post-It Note, collect them and affix them to the walls around the room. Then put the following questions on the board or the screen or on a worksheet that you hand out to each student.